

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re

18-md-2865 (LAK)

CUSTOMS AND TAX ADMINISTRATION OF
THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK
(SKATTEFORVALTNINGEN) TAX REFUND
SCHEME LITIGATION

**Request for International Judicial
Assistance**

This document relates to All Cases.

The United States District Court for the Southern District of New York presents its compliments to the appropriate judicial authority of the Cayman Islands, and requests international judicial assistance to obtain evidence to be used in a civil proceeding before this court in the above captioned matter. This request is made under the Convention of 18 March 1970 on the Taking of Evidence Abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters.

This Court requests the assistance described herein as necessary in the interests of justice. The assistance requested is that the appropriate judicial authority of the Cayman Islands compel Intertrust Corporate Services (Cayman) Limited (“Intertrust”) to provide the documents set forth below for use at trial or in a dispositive motion.

PERSON TO BE SERVED

1. Intertrust Corporate Services (Cayman) Limited, 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands.

BACKGROUND REGARDING THIS CIVIL PROCEEDING

2. In May and June 2018, Plaintiff Skatteforvaltningen (“SKAT”) filed 140 similar complaints in eleven different federal judicial districts. On October 3, 2018, the federal

complaints were consolidated in this Multi-District Litigation (“MDL”) and assigned to the Honorable Lewis A. Kaplan. On February 26, 27, and 29, 2019, SKAT filed 43 additional complaints, which were consolidated into the MDL assigned to Judge Kaplan. On November 19, 2019, SKAT filed an additional related complaint, which has also been incorporated into the MDL.

3. This case stems from an allegedly fraudulent tax refund scheme to deceive SKAT into paying out over 12.7 billion Danish Kroner (“DKK”), the equivalent of approximately \$2.1 billion (US) of allegedly withheld dividend tax. Over 300 entities falsely claimed tax refunds from SKAT (the “SKAT Refund Claimants”). The SKAT Refund Claimants purported to own shares in Danish companies listed on the OMX Copenhagen 20 Index, the 20 most-traded stocks in Denmark. Danish companies are required to withhold 27% tax on dividends they pay to shareholders. Under certain double taxation treaties between Denmark and other countries, including the United States, this tax is reimbursable to certain non-Danish shareholders. SKAT Refund Claimants that were based in the United States, along with certain of their affiliated individuals, are the Defendants in this MDL.

4. The SKAT Refund Claimants, acting through their agents and representatives, applied to SKAT claiming repayments of tax withheld on dividends that they purported to have earned on shares of Danish companies that they claimed to hold. These applications are alleged to have been fraudulent because the claimants did not own the shares that they claimed to own, did not earn the dividends they claimed to have earned, and were not entitled to the tax refunds they claimed. Based on the allegedly fraudulent tax refund claims submitted by the Defendants in the MDL, SKAT asserts that it paid baseless withholding tax refund claims of approximately \$1,234,288,400 (US).

5. The Defendants effectuated the scheme by appointing agents to apply to SKAT for refunds in respect of shares in Danish companies that they did not own. The Defendants each submitted refund claims seeking the full 27% withholding tax that had allegedly been withheld from distributions on shares of Danish companies the claimants purported to own. These claims were submitted through payment agents, which in turn submitted the claims by mail or email transmission to SKAT. Each entity claiming a withholding tax refund submitted to SKAT a “credit advice,” “income advice,” “tax voucher,” or similar document created by a custodian that purported to show the claimant’s ownership of shares in Danish companies listed on the OMX Copenhagen 20 Index.

6. The Defendants are alleged to have used a number of entities for whom Intertrust’s predecessor, Intertrust Corporate Services (C.I.) Limited, previously acted as a corporate services provider (“CSP”) in the Cayman Islands (the “Cayman Third Parties”) to conduct the fraudulent transactions that purport to evidence the Defendants’ purchase of shares, and to channel the refund payments from SKAT in a way that obfuscated the true beneficiaries of the refund claims. SKAT alleges that the Cayman Third Parties were ultimately owned by, controlled by, and/or operated for the benefit of the Defendants in these proceedings and in related proceedings in other jurisdictions.

7. The Cayman Third Parties are: Pintal GP Limited and Aduro Investments LP.

SKAT’S FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. The allegations in SKAT’s complaints in the consolidated actions are substantially similar. SKAT brought complaints against the Defendants that submitted fraudulent dividend withholding tax refund claims to SKAT and various individuals and entities who formed partnerships with Defendants, helped structure the dividend withholding tax refund

scheme, and coordinated the submission of fraudulent tax refund claims to SKAT. The complaints allege that between 2012 and 2015, Defendants submitted fraudulent requests for tax refunds to SKAT. Plaintiff SKAT asserts claims for fraud, aiding and abetting fraud, payment by mistake, unjust enrichment, negligent misrepresentation, and related claims. SKAT's case is that the Defendants used the Cayman Third Parties and other offshore entities to advance their fraudulent scheme and conceal their involvement in it.

**THIS COURT HAS GRANTED SKAT'S REQUEST
TO ASSIST IN THE PROCURING OF EVIDENCE ABROAD**

9. On April 27, 2020, SKAT filed a motion with this Court seeking the Court's assistance in facilitating discovery in respect of each of the Cayman Third Parties from Intertrust. That motion was granted by this Court on June 30, 2020.

10. Under principles of international comity, this Court writes to request that Intertrust be required to provide SKAT the documents set forth below for use at trial or in a dispositive motion. These documents are likely to demonstrate that Defendants in these proceedings and in related proceedings in other jurisdictions owned, controlled, or were benefited by the operation of the Cayman Third Parties, and will also reveal the relationships between the Cayman Third Parties and Defendants in the common fraudulent scheme. Confirmation that Defendants in these proceedings and in related proceedings in other jurisdictions owned, controlled, or benefited from the operation of the Cayman Third Parties and the relationship between the Defendants and the Cayman Third Parties bears directly on SKAT's case against the Defendants, and, therefore, their disclosure is necessary for the purposes of justice.

DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION TO BE PRODUCED

11. On the application of SKAT, to be made by Kobre & Kim (Cayman), Intertrust should be required to produce the following documents:

- a. In respect of Pintal GP Limited:
 - i. Certificate of incorporation;
 - ii. Articles of association;
 - iii. Memorandum of association;
 - iv. Register of shareholders;
 - v. Register of directors;
 - vi. Register of beneficial owners;
 - vii. The documents filed with the Registrar of Companies under Order 13 rule 2 of the Companies Winding Up Rules, including:
 1. Declaration of solvency filed pursuant to the Companies Winding Up Rules
 2. Notice of the winding up
 3. Voluntary liquidator's consent to act
 4. Final return
 - viii. Correspondence between introducers and Intertrust;
 - ix. Correspondence between directors and Intertrust;
- b. In respect of Aduro Investments LP:
 - i. Certificate of registration;

- ii. Declaration filed by the general partners to effect registration of the limited partnership pursuant to section 49 of the Partnership Law (2013 Revision);
- iii. Declaration filed by the general partners pursuant to section 51 of the Partnership Law (2013 Revision);
- iv. Records identifying the beneficial owners pursuant to the Anti-Money Laundering Regulations;
- v. Correspondence between partners and Intertrust;

c. In respect of all the Cayman Third Parties:

- i. Books of Account;
- ii. Customer due diligence records obtained by Intertrust pursuant to the Anti-Money Laundering Regulations;
- iii. Correspondence between clients of record and Intertrust;
- iv. Agreements for the provision of corporate services between Intertrust and the Cayman Third Parties, or those acting on their behalf; and
- v. Invoices issued by Intertrust to any of the Cayman Third Parties, or those acting on their behalf, and payment records showing the payment of such invoices, including but not limited to:
 1. the bank details from which payments were made
 2. supporting information to enable payments to be made including payee due diligence records obtained.

12. All documents should be duly marked for identification.

13. A director or other authorized person of Intertrust should be ordered to provide an affidavit certifying that the documents produced were kept in the ordinary course of business, in substantially the form attached as Schedule A hereto (“Business Records Certification”).

14. If, for any reason, it is not possible for a director or other authorized person to provide a Business Records Certification, a director or other authorized person of Intertrust should be ordered to provide oral testimony under oath on the areas of inquiry set out in Schedule B before an examiner appointed by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands.

INSTRUCTIONS

15. I would ask that you cause the attorneys for SKAT to be provided with any documents or other evidence produced by Intertrust pursuant to this request. Their details are as follows:

Neil J. Oxford
Hughes Hubbard & Reed LLP
One Battery Park Plaza
New York, NY 10004-1482
Tel.: (212) 837-6843
Email: neil.oxford@hugheshubbard.com

Peter Tyers-Smith
Kobre & Kim (Cayman)
9 Forum Lane, Suite 3207 Camana Bay
Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, KY1-9006
Tel.: (345) 749 4032
Email: peter.tyers-smith@kobrekim.ky

TIME OF EXECUTION OF REQUEST

16. It is requested that this request be processed as expeditiously as possible.

SPECIFIC REQUESTS

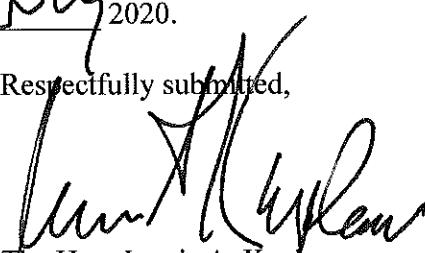
17. It is requested that should any part of this Request be refused on legal grounds, such refusal should not affect the remainder of the requests.

18. SKAT stands ready, willing, and able to reimburse the appropriate judicial authority of the Cayman Islands for all reasonable costs incurred in executing the undersigned judicial authority's request for international judicial assistance.

19. The Court appreciates the assistance of the appropriate judicial authority of the Cayman Islands in obtaining evidence in this matter and is willing to provide similar assistance to judicial authorities in the Cayman Islands if and when required.

WITNESS, the Honorable Lewis A. Kaplan, District Judge, United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the 11 day of July 2020.

Respectfully submitted,


The Hon. Lewis A. Kaplan
District Judge
United States District Court
Southern District of New York

SCHEDULE A

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re

CUSTOMS AND TAX ADMINISTRATION OF
THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK
(SKATTEFORVALTNINGEN) TAX REFUND
SCHEME LITIGATION

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AFFIDAVIT OF _____

18-md-2865 (LAK)

I, [NAME], a citizen of [STATE] residing at [ADDRESS], MAKE OATH and say as follows:

1. I am currently employed by _____ (“Corporate Services Provider”). My official title is _____.
2. By reason of my position and experience, I am a duly authorized custodian of records, or qualified witness, for the Corporate Services Provider, and have authority to certify the records herein described.
3. In response to an order of appropriate judicial authority of the Cayman Islands dated _____, ordering the production of documents identified in a Letter of Request from the District Court of the Southern District of New York dated _____, the Corporate Services Provider produced [identification of documents, such as production volume or Bates number] to Neil J. Oxford, Esq., counsel for Skatteforvaltningen in this matter.
4. I certify that, aside from the production number, the records listed above are true and correct copies of records extracted from the Corporate Services Provider’s business records maintained in the ordinary course of its business.

5. The records listed above were:

- a. Made or received by the Corporate Services Provider's personnel at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth therein, by, or from information transmitted by, persons with knowledge of those matters;
- b. Kept by the Corporate Services Provider's personnel in the course of the Corporate Service Provider's regularly conducted business activities; and
- c. Made or received as part of the regular practice of the Corporate Services Provider's regularly conducted business activities.

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sworn by the within named [NAME])
On [DATE]) [Signature of witness]
Before me: _____)
NOTARY PUBLIC/COMMISSIONER OF OATHS)

SCHEDULE B

AREAS OF ENQUIRY

1. Whether the documents produced by Intertrust pursuant to this letter of request are:
 - a. True and correct copies of records extracted from Intertrust's business records maintained in the ordinary course of its business.
 - b. Made or received by Intertrust's personnel at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth therein, by, or from information transmitted by, persons with knowledge of those matters;
 - c. Kept by Intertrust's personnel in the course of Intertrust's regularly conducted business activities; and
 - d. Made or received as part of the regular practice of Intertrust's regularly conducted business activities.